


Emerging Lighting Technologies

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Overview

- New Lighting Technologies
- AB970 and “The Crisis”
- New Title 24

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New Lighting Technology

- 2nd Generation T-8 lamps
- T-5 Lamps
- High Output (HO) T-5 Lamps
- Induction Lamps
- “Pulse Start” Metal Halide Lamps
- Dimming Ballasts

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"2nd Generation" T-8 Lamps

- Higher CRI
- Increased lamp life to 24,000 hours
- Higher light output to 3,100 lumens
- Better lumen maintenance
- Only available in 4 ft. lengths at this time
- Cost premium when compared to "standard" T-8 lamps

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Trade Names for 2nd Generation T-8s

- GE "Starcoat XL"
- Osram Sylvania "XP"
- Philips "High Vision"



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2nd Generation T-8 Lamp Features

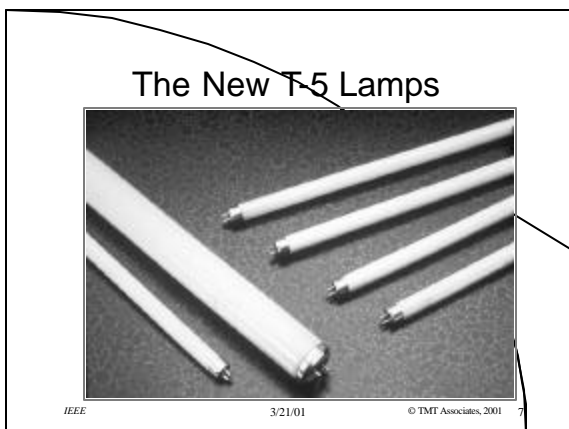
- More light for same input wattage (100-200 more lumens per lamp)
 - Allows use of reduced light output electronic ballasts in many instances
 - Can facilitate more energy-efficient design
- Longer lamp life & better lumen maintenance:
 - Extends relamping maintenance cycle
 - Lowers long-term maintenance costs

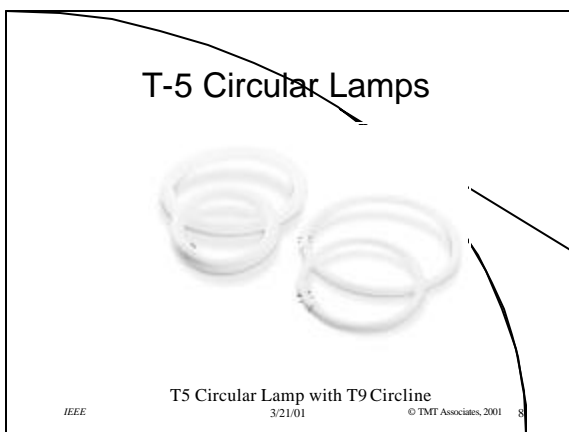
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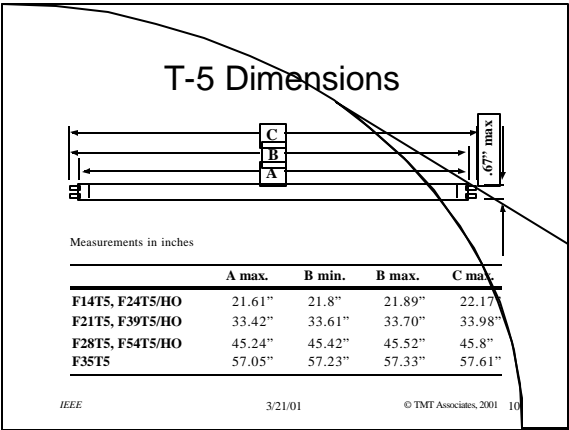


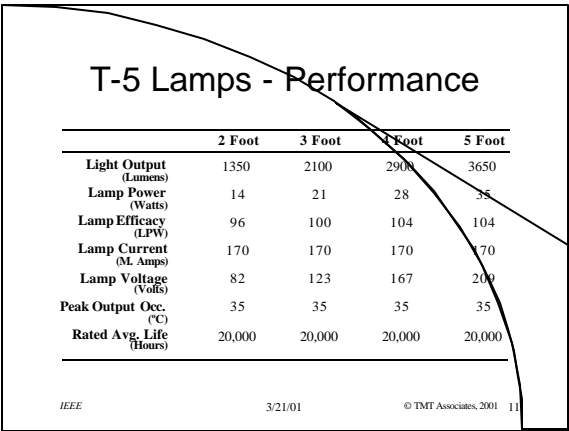
Lamp Efficacy vs. Diameter

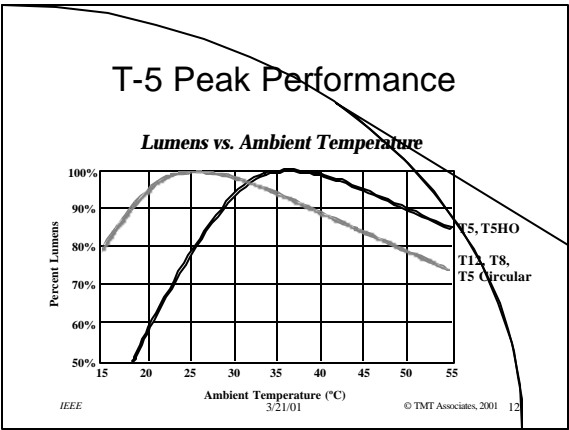
Diameter	Watts	Lumens	Lumens/Watt
T5	28	2900	104
T8/800	32	3050	95
T5/HO	54	5000	93
T8/700	32	2850	89
T12/WM	34	2650	78
T12/CW	40	3050	66

Based upon nominal 4' lengths.

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T-5 Trade Names

- Osram Sylvania: "Pentron."
 - Linear and HO
- Philips: "Silhouette"
 - Linear, HO, and circular configurations
- GE: "T5 Starcoat"
 - Linear and HO configurations

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T-5 Vital Statistics

- Rated Life: 20,000 Hours
- Lengths: Nominal 2, 3, 4, and 5 ft.
- Colors: 3000, 3500 and 4100 K
- CRI: 85
- Std. Watts: 14, 21, 28 and 35 Watts
- HO Watts: HO 24, 39 and 54 Watts

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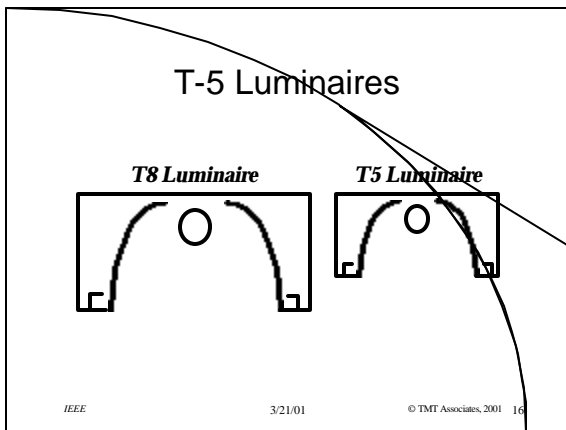
T-5 Electronic Ballasts

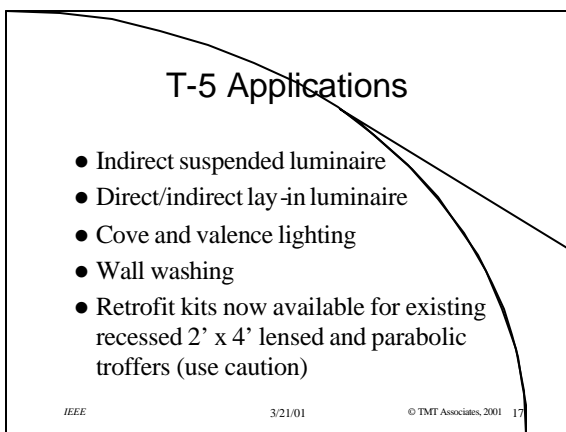
- Slim profile: 1" x 1.18" x 13.26"
- 120 and 277 volt versions
- One and two-lamp models
- Programmed rapid start operation
- Dimming ballasts now available for both standard and HOT5 lamps

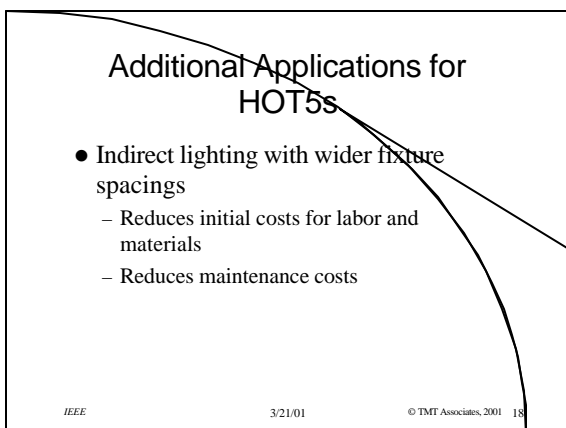
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Additional Applications for HOT5s

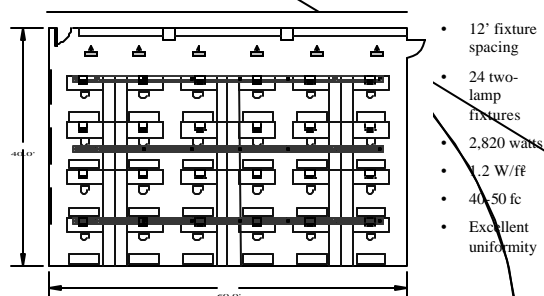
- Allows use of fluorescent in high bay applications (vs. HID)
 - Better color performance
 - No restrike / warm up delays
 - Longer life than most metal halide lamps
 - Better lumen maintenance
 - Much easier to use with energy-saving control strategies

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Example: "Typical" Indirect T-8 Layout



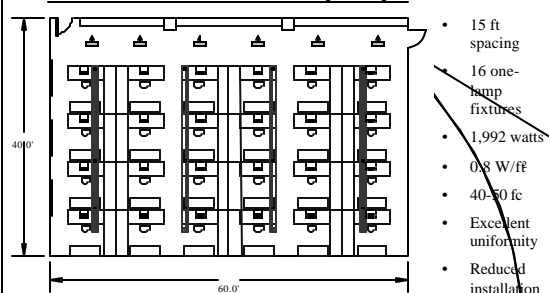
- 12' fixture spacing
- 24 two-lamp fixtures
- 2,820 watts
- 4.2 W/ft²
- 40-50 fc
- Excellent uniformity

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HOT5 Indirect Layout



- 15 ft spacing
- 16 one-lamp fixtures
- 1,992 watts
- 0.8 W/ft²
- 40-50 fc
- Excellent uniformity
- Reduced installation costs

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Induction Lamps

- How they work
- Features
- Products
- Applications

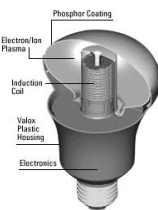
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Induction Lamp Operation

- Electrodeless
 - No filaments to wear out
- Induction coil generates magnetic field within lamp
- Mercury vapor generates UV, converted to visible light by phosphor coating



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Induction Lamp Features

- Long lamp life
 - 15,000 hours for 23W R25 lamp
 - Up to 100,000 hours for larger lamps
- High CRI of 80+
- Variety of color temperatures

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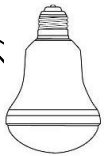
Induction Lamp Products

- GE “Genura”
- Philips “QL” Series
- Osram Sylvania “Icetron”

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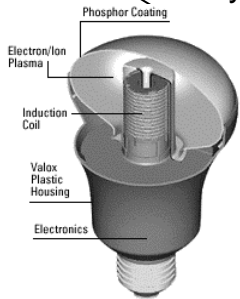
GE “Genura”

- 23W
- 1100 lumens
- 2700 K, 3000 K CCT
- R25 envelope
- No exterior generator
- Direct retrofit for R30 incandescent
- 15,000 hour lamp life



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Genura Anatomy



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Philips "QL" Series

- 55W, 85W, 165W
- 3,500, 6,000, 12,000 lumens
- 100,000 hour lamp life
- 2700 K, 3000 K, 4000 K CCT
- 70% lumen maintenance at 60,000 hours
- "G" type envelopes

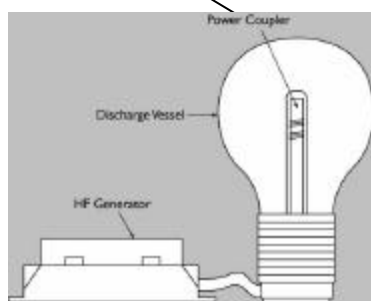


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QL Lamp Anatomy



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Osram Sylvania "Icetron"

- 100W & 150W versions
- 8,000 & 12,000 lumens
- 100,000 hour lamp life
- 3500 K, 4100 K CCT
- Separate generator
- Elongated donut shape



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Induction Lamp Applications

Any situation where relamping is difficult, or where maintenance is a concern:

- High ceiling spaces
- Remote fixture locations
- Interior general lighting
- Warehouse lighting
- Other high bay applications
- Roadway lighting
- Parking lots
- Exterior pedestrian lighting
- Tunnel lighting
- Recessed downlights (esp. Genura)

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Pulse Start Metal Halide

- Characteristics
- Historical Considerations
- Benefits

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Pulse Start Lamp Characteristics

- Lamp arc tube shape, fill material and starting method are dramatically different
 - More rugged arc tube construction is key to higher performance
- Lamp ignitor is typically separate
 - Similar to HPS lamp-ballast systems
- Previously was employed only in smaller lamps
- Now available in most typical lamp wattage configurations

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Historical Considerations

- Metal halide lamps criticized for:
 - High lumen depreciation
 - Poor color temperature uniformity among different lamps
 - Color shift
 - “Cool” color appearance
 - Slow lamp starting and restrike time

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Pulse Start Benefits

- Higher initial light output
- Up to 35% higher maintained lumens
- Longer Lamp Life
- Improved Color Performance:
 - Reduced color shift
 - Improved lamp to lamp color uniformity
- Faster start up and restrike
- Warmer color temperatures available

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Dimming Ballasts



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Dimming Ballasts - Availability


- Available for nearly all applicable lamp technologies
 - T-8 lamps
 - T-5 and HOT5 lamps
 - Compact fluorescent lamps
 - Metal halide lamps

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Dimming Advantages

- Maximizes energy savings
- Maximizes visual comfort and visual performance
- Research suggests increased worker productivity
- Contributes to esthetics of the building space

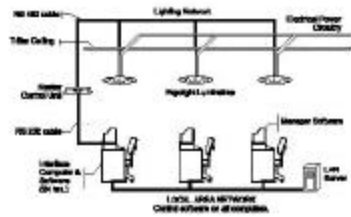
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Get Room Occupancy and Daylight Sensors

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~~Cutting Edge Lighting Technology~~



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The California Energy Crisis

- AB 970
 - California Energy Security and Reliability Act of 2000
 - Signed into law by Governor Davis on September 6th, 2000
 - Emergency legislation designed to provide a balanced response to the state's electricity problems

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~~AB 970~~

- Directed the California Energy Commission to adopt and implement cost-effective Standards
- Required action to occur within 120 days
- Disrupted the normal three-year Title 24 revision cycle

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Effective Date

- The effective date of AB 970 Building Energy Efficiency Standards is June 1, 2001
- All buildings permitted on or after June 1st have to comply with the new Standards

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Potential Savings from AB 970

- 150 megawatts electrical demand
- 548 gWh electrical energy for 2001
- 134,777 MBtus natural gas for space heating and water heating

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Changes to Title 24 Lighting Requirements

- Bi-level Switching Requirements
- Automatic Shutoff Requirements
- Minimum efficiency requirements for exterior lighting
- Lighting Power Allowances
- New means of calculating actual lighting power in office spaces

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Changes to Bi-Level Switching Requirements

- Old Title 24: spaces with LPD < 1.0 watts/s.f. exempt
- New Title 24: spaces with LPD < 0.8 watts/s.f. are exempt
- Spaces with occupancy sensors are no longer exempt
- Spaces with automatic time switches are no longer exempt

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Changes to Automatic Shut-Off Requirement

- Old Title 24: applicable only to buildings $> 5,000$ s.f.
- New Title 24: applies to all buildings

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New Requirement: Exterior Luminaires

- Applies to all permanently installed luminaires attached to or powered by electrical service in buildings containing conditioned space
- Exterior luminaires > 100 watts must have minimum source efficacy of 60 lumens per watt
- Exception: luminaires controlled by motion sensors

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Lighting Power Allowance

- Some minor changes to lpd allowances in both complete building and area category allowances

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Calculating Lighting Power in Offices

- Calculation must now include portable task lights in addition to other lighting
- Includes lighting integral to modular furniture, portable freestanding lights, lights attached to workstation panels, etc.

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Calculating Lighting Power in Offices

- If actual watts are not known at the time of permitting, one must include:
 - 0.2 watts/s.f. in office areas >250 s.f.
 - No additional wattage calculation required for office areas 250 s.f or less

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Calculating Lighting Power in Offices

- The actual power for the portable lighting may be included if sufficient supporting evidence is submitted and accepted by the building department
 - Must be clearly indicated on the plans

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PG&E Rebates for 2001

- Rebates available for many of the newer lighting technologies:
 - 2nd Generation T-8 lamps
 - T-5 Lamps
 - Induction Lamps
 - Metal Halide Lamps
 - Dimming Ballasts (when used w/photocells)

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